Valerie A. Szczepanik Attorney for Plaintiff SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION New York Regional Office 3 World Financial Center – RM 400 New York, NY 10281-1022 Ph: (212) 336-0175 Fx: (212) 336-1317 szczepaniky@sec.gov

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,

Plaintiff,

-against-

CLEAN CARE TECHNOLOGIES, INC., EDWARD KLEIN, AL NAZON and ANIL VARUGHESE,

Defendants,

08 Civ. 1719 (HB)

ECF CASE

and

CLEAN CARE SYSTEMS, LLC,

Relief Defendant.

DECLARATION OF TERESA A. RODRIGUEZ IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR DEFAULT JUDGEMENT AS TO DEFENDANT CLEAN CARE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

I, Teresa A. Rodriguez, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, hereby declare as follows:

- 1. I am employed as an attorney in the New York Regional Office of Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission").
- 2. I respectfully submit this Declaration in support of the Commission's Motion For Default Judgment as to Defendant Clean Care Technologies, Inc. ("CCT").

- 3. I am familiar with the facts and proceedings in this action and the allegations in the Commission's Complaint (the "Complaint"). I make this declaration based upon information and belief. The sources of my information and the bases of my beliefs are documents and records obtained by me or other members of the Commission staff. The documents that I reviewed include the following: documents obtained by the Commission staff during the course of its investigation preceding the institution of this case and during discovery in this case; the docket maintained by the Court in this matter; and prior pleadings.
- 4. On February 21, 2008, the Commission filed its Complaint in this matter against defendant CCT, among others. A true and correct copy of the Commission's Complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit 1.
- 5. On February 21, 2008, a Summons was issued to CCT in this action. A true and correct copy of that Summons is attached hereto as Exhibit 2.
- 6. On February 21, 2008, the Commission properly served CCT with the Summons and Complaint, by Federal Express to its then-counsel, upon consent by its counsel. The Commission filed its proof of service on June 3, 2008. A true and correct copy of that proof of service is attached hereto as Exhibit 3.
- 7. CCT has failed to appear through counsel in this action, and has failed to answer, respond or otherwise defend this action as provided for by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Local Civil Rules. The time for CCT to respond to the Complaint has expired. On June 5, 2008, the Clerk of Court issued a Certificate Noting Default of Defendant CCT. A true and correct copy of the Clerk's Certificate Noting Default of Defendant Clean Care Technologies, Inc. is attached hereto as Exhibit 4.

8. A proposed form of default judgment is attached hereto as Exhibit 5.

I state under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated: New York, New York

June **1**, 2008

Teresa A. Rodriguez

EXHIBIT 1

08 Civ.

08 CV 01719

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION New York Regional Office 3 World Financial Center, Room 4300 New York, NY 10281 Valerie Szczepanik (212) 336-0175 (212) 336-1317 (fax)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,

Plaintiff,

-against-

CLEAN CARE TECHNOLOGIES, INC., EDWARD KLEIN, AL NAZON and ANIL VARUGHESE,

Defendants.

and

CLEAN CARE SYSTEMS, LLC,

Relief Defendant.

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") brings this action against Defendants Clean Care Technologies, Inc. ("CCT"), Edward Klein ("Klein"), Al Nazon ("Nazon"), Anil Varughese ("Varughese") (collectively, the "Defendants") and Relief Defendant Clean Care Systems, LLC ("Systems"). The Commission alleges the following:

SUMMARY

From approximately March 2006 through at least July 2007, Defendants
 orchestrated a fraudulent unregistered offering of CCT and Systems securities (together, "Clean

- 17 5

Care Securities") and raised approximately \$2.2 million by defrauding at least 26 unsuspecting investors.

- 2. Both CCT and Systems purported to be engaged in the business of selling selfcleaning toilet seats and cleaning fluid throughout North and South America. Both entities
 claimed to hold the exclusive license to distribute and market the Eyegiene "hands free hygienic"
 toilet seat in the United States. The existence of two Clean Care entities was itself part of
 Defendants' fraudulent fundraising scheme, as investors in CCT and Systems were not told that
 Defendant Klein had established two separate entities that claimed to hold the same "exclusive"
 license. Nor were investors told that funds collected from CCT and Systems investors were
 freely commingled to benefit Defendants Klein, Nazon and Varughese.
- 3. Klein, CCT's president, retained Nazon and Varughese as salespersons to sell Clean Care Securities to investors. Klein, Nazon and Varughese prepared a confidential private offering memorandum (the "CCT POM") that was sent to investors. The CCT POM misrepresented, and failed to disclose, material information. For example, the CCT POM falsely claimed that CCT "exclusively distributes and markets" the Eyegiene self-cleaning toilet seat. The POM failed to disclose that Klein was a general partner in a related company, Systems, and that Systems owned the distribution rights to the Eyegiene seat. The POM failed to disclose that CCT investor monies would be diverted to pay Systems' expenses.
- 4. The Defendants also issued false press releases that contained numerous falsehoods and made oral misrepresentations, through telephone calls and meetings with individual investors. For example, as part of their efforts to market Clean Care Securities, Defendants published false press releases boasting of significant toilet seat sales to "major

corporate entities." Defendants later admitted to the Commission staff, however, that those statements in the press releases were false. Defendants had not sold *any* seats to the corporate entities mentioned in their press releases.

5. Defendants Nazon and Varughese, by their own admission, are not registered as brokers or dealers or associated with any registered broker-dealers, but nevertheless engaged in cold-calling to sell Clean Care Securities to the public. Klein paid Nazon and Varughese exorbitant, undisclosed commissions of as much as 30 percent for their sales of Clean Care Securities.

VIOLATIONS

- 6. Through this conduct, and that detailed below, the Defendants have violated Sections 5(a), 5(c) and 17(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 77e(a), 77e(c) and 77q(a), and Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"), 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b), and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5.
- 7. Defendants Nazon and Varughese also have violated Section 15(a) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 780(a) and were aided and abetted in their violations of Section 15(a) by Defendant Klein.

JURISDICTION

8. The Commission brings this action pursuant to authority conferred by Section 20(b) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77t(b), and Section 21(d) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78u(d), seeking to permanently enjoin the Defendants from engaging in the wrongful conduct alleged in this complaint. In addition, the Commission seeks a final judgment ordering the Defendants and Relief Defendant to disgorge their ill-gotten gains and to pay prejudgment

interest thereon. The Commission seeks a final judgment ordering the Defendants to pay civil money penalties pursuant to Section 20(d)(3) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77t(d)(3), and Section 21(d) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78u(d), and barring Klein, Nazon and Varughese from participation in any offering of penny stock pursuant to Section 20(g) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77t(g), and Section 21(d)(6) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78u(d)(6). The Commission also seeks an order directing the Defendants and Relief Defendant to provide verified accountings. Finally, the Commission seeks all other just and appropriate relief. See 15 U.S.C. § 78u(d)(5).

- 9. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Section 22(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77v(a), and Sections 21(d), 21(e) and 27 of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 78u(d), 77u(e) and 78aa.
- 10. Venue lies in this district pursuant to Section 22(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77v(a), and Section 27 of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78aa. Certain of the transactions, acts, practices and courses of business constituting the violations alleged herein occurred within the Southern District of New York.
- 11. The Defendants, directly or indirectly, singly or in concert, have made use of the means or instrumentalities of transportation or communication in, or the instrumentalities of, interstate commerce, or of the mails, in connection with the transactions, acts, practices, and courses of business alleged in this complaint.

THE DEFENDANTS

12. CCT purports to be a New Jersey corporation with a principal place of business at

4400 Route 9 South, Suite 1000, Freehold, New Jersey 07728. New Jersey state records appear to indicate that Klein filed papers to create CCT as a Limited Liability Company on or around November 14, 2005, then filed additional papers to create an incorporated entity, "CleanCare Technologies, Inc.," on or around March 8, 2006. These appear to be the same entity, referred to herein as "CCT."

- 13. Ed Klein, age 64, was at all times relevant to the instant action president of CCT and General Partner of Systems. Klein is not registered as a broker-dealer or associated with any registered broker-dealer.
- 14. Al Nazon, age 29, is a resident of Staten Island, New York who sold and marketed Clean Care Securities at certain times from an office in lower Manhattan. Nazon is not registered as a broker-dealer or associated with any registered broker-dealer.
- 15. Anil Varughese, age 31, is a resident of Glen Oaks, New York who sold and marketed Clean Care Securities at certain times from an office in lower Manhattan. Varughese is not registered as a broker-dealer or associated with any registered broker-dealer.

THE RELIEF DEFENDANT

16. Clean Care Systems, LLC purports to be a limited liability company owned, until December 2007, entirely by Klein and one investor, ("Investor A"). Systems' current principal place of business is 1413 Chestnut Avenue, Hillside, New Jersey 07205. Pursuant to a settlement of private litigation involving Systems, CCT and Klein, Systems took possession in or around December 2007 of all assets to which CCT claimed possible ownership, including an inventory of Eyegiene toilet seats and cleaning fluid and the purported right to be the exclusive

distributor of the Eyegiene seat and fluid.

FACTS

Defendants Unlawfully Sold Securities Through Unregistered Offerings.

- 17. In or about January 2006, Defendants Klein and Systems purportedly obtained the rights to distribute and market the "Eyegiene" toilet seat in the United States from NTF Eyegiene, a Dutch manufacturer of the seats. Thereafter, Klein sought to obtain investors to build his business and develop a distributor network.
- 18. To that end, Klein retained Nazon and Varughese to raise money for his selfcleaning toilet seat venture, then known as Systems.
- 19. Nazon owned a company known as Focus Marketing, which appears to have operated as a boiler-room and was in the business of soliciting investors for questionable businesses using high pressure sales tactics and cold-calling. Nazon and Varughese had worked together previously selling securities through unregistered and improper transactions.
- 20. Nazon and Varughese, assuming the fake name Robert Clark, contacted Investor

 A to solicit an investment in Systems. Nazon and Varughese had previously solicited an
 investment from Investor A for a different venture in which Investor A lost all of his investment.

 Nazon and Varughese represented to Investor A that Clean Care would be an opportunity for
 Investor A to make back his money. After meeting with Klein, Investor A agreed to invest up to

 \$3 million in Systems but insisted on being the sole investor in the company.
- 21. Thereafter, Investor A transferred approximately \$1.5 million to Klein. Klein met with Investor A and communicated with him by email. In these communications, Klein falsely represented that Systems had obtained contracts for the sale of toilet seats and cleaning fluid.

- 22. Concerned that he needed to raise more than the \$1.5 million provided by Investor A, Klein decided to set up another entity, CCT, to be able to raise money from other investors without letting Investor A know that Klein was bringing in additional investors.
- 23. In approximately April 2006, Klein, Nazon and Varughese assembled the CCT POM, and CCT commenced an unregistered offering of securities to investors. CCT purported to offer investors 100 units comprised of 40,000 series A preferred limited liability membership interests in CCT. Defendants intended to raise \$10 million and represented that units would only be sold to accredited investors or investors "who are otherwise knowledgeable, experienced and 'sophisticated' in business and financial matters."
- 24. Defendants sold shares of CCT to the investing public by making unsolicited cold calls to investors, to whom they provided, among other documents, the POM. Nazon and Varughese used false names, such as Robert Clark, to solicit investors and cold called investors in at least five states. Klein provided Nazon and Varughese with marketing materials to provide to investors, and in at least one instance met with an investor to make a sales pitch.
- 25. For example, Defendants procured a \$98,500 investment from an 84 year old retiree in Lawrenceville, Georgia ("Investor B") by making an unsolicited call to him. Investor B was told that he was dealing with Robert Clark, rather than Defendants Nazon or Varughese, that CCT would go public at \$25 per share, and that CCT would soon pay a dividend. Investor B was not an accredited investor.
- 26. Defendants raised approximately \$717,000 from the sale of CCT shares to approximately 26 investors and approximately \$1.5 million through the sale of Systems shares to Investor A.

- 27. Defendants did not file a registration statement for their sales of securities, and a registration statement was not otherwise in effect. The offering therefore violated Section 5 of the Securities Act.
- In fact, Defendants state in the CCT POM that the CCT securities "have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933 ... [or] any securities regulatory authority..."

 Defendants state in the CCT POM that CCT shares were sold "in reliance upon the availability of an exemption from the registration provisions of the Securities Act" Specifically, the POM states that "it is intended that this offering comply with the provisions of Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 of Regulation, (sic) C.F.R.250.501 et. seq. ... and that the units be offered and sold to a limited number of investors who constitute either 'accredited investors' within the meaning of Regulation D or who are otherwise knowledgeable, experienced and 'sophisticated' in business and financial matters."
- 29. The offerings however, do not satisfy the requirements necessary to be exempt from registration under federal securities law due to, *inter alia*, the investors' relative lack of sophistication and the size and manner of the offerings. Defendants engaged in a general, public solicitation of Clean Care Securities, did not provide any financial statements to investors and took no steps to determine investors' level of knowledge, experience and sophistication.

<u>Defendants Fraudulently Misrepresented and Omitted Numerous Material Facts in Connection with Their Marketing and Sale of Systems and CCT Shares.</u>

30. Defendants made blatant misrepresentations and omitted material facts in selling Clean Care Securities. For example, Defendants misrepresented through the CCT POM that "[t]here will not be any commissions payable or paid in connection" with the CCT Offering. But

Nazon and Varughese received undisclosed commissions of up to 30% of money they raised through sales of Clean Care Securities, including the CCT shares described in the CCT POM.

- Clean Care toilet seats at times when CCT had yet to sell a single seat. For example, Defendants published a July 1, 2006 CCT press release stating that CCT "has managed to make sales to several major corporate entities." Klein has since admitted that none of the entities listed in that press release had purchased any seats from CCT. Approximately six months later, on January 5, 2007, while the offering was ongoing, CCT published another press release announcing that "CCT has signed on numerous dealers including the Las Vegas Towel and Linen Company, which services sixty percent of all hotels in the Las Vegas Area." These statements, as Defendants have admitted, were patently false as well.
- 32. Defendants expressly represented in the CCT POM that CCT "exclusively distributes and markets the Eyegiene Seat ... in the United States." At or around the same time, Klein solicited investment from Investor A by telling him that Systems was the exclusive distributor of the Eyegiene seat in the United States. Defendants have since admitted that the statements in the CCT POM concerning CCT's purported role as an exclusive Eyegiene Seat distributor were false.
 - 33. Defendants' use of two Clean Care entities to raise money also involved additional deception of investors. For example, Defendants never disclosed to investors in CCT or Systems that money raised through the sale of securities in the two companies would be commingled and used to cover the other company's expenses whenever Defendants so chose.
 - 34. Defendants also represented in the CCT POM that "the Company has contracts

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with two manufacturers, who will be providing the Eyegiene and CleanCare Systems to CleanCare Technologies...." This statement was false, as Defendants have since admitted. The distribution contract for Eyegiene belonged exclusively to Clean Care Systems, not Clean Care Technologies.

35. Additionally, Defendants represented in the CCT POM that the "offer and sale of the [CCT] Units made through broker-dealers who are registered with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. is 10% from the Company (sic)." But Defendants have admitted that no broker-dealer registered with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. - or any other regulatory body - was ever employed by CCT or Systems. And Defendants Nazon and Varughese were paid commissions in excess of 10% by Klein, acting on behalf of the Company, for money raised through the Offerings.

Defendants Nazon and Varughese, Aided and Abetted by Defendant Klein, sold Clean Care Securities in Violation of Section 15(a) of the Exchange Act.

- 36. None of the Defendants are, nor have they ever been, registered as, or associated with, a registered broker-dealer.
- 37. Nazon and Varughese sold Clean Care Securities to numerous investors and collected commissions approaching 30% of money raised from investors in Clean Care Securities.
- 38. As part of their marketing and sale of Clean Care Securities, Nazon and Varughese actively solicited and sought investors and made representations to investors concerning the purported value of the securities.
 - 39. Furthermore, Nazon and Varughese admit to having sold securities of other

issuers despite their unregistered status.

- 40. Klein (i) employed Nazon and Varughese to market and sell Clean Care

 Securities; (ii) paid Nazon and Varughese commissions on the money raised through the sale of

 Clean Care Securities; (iii) provided Nazon and Varughese with materials to use in marketing the
 securities to investors and made himself available to speak with potential investors Nazon and

 Varughese identified; and (iv) knew or was reckless in not knowing that Nazon and Varughese
 were not registered as, or otherwise affiliated with, broker-dealers. In fact, Klein never even
 asked Nazon and Varughese if they were registered before hiring them to sell Clean Care
 Securities.
- 41. Clean Care Securities are penny stocks as defined in Section 3(a)(51) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 3a51-1 thereunder. For instance, CCT and Systems have been in existence for less than three years. CCT had net tangible assets of approximately \$300,000 and no revenues for 2006, the only year for which financial information is available. The Clean Care Securities were sold at a price of between \$1 and \$2.50 per unit, are not registered on a national exchange, are not issued by a registered investment company and are not authorized for quotation on NASDAQ.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Violations of Section 17(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77q(a), Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b), and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5

(Against CCT, Klein, Nazon and Varughese)

42. The Commission repeats and realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 41 by reference as if fully set forth herein.

- 43. The Defendants, directly and indirectly, singly and in concert, knowingly or recklessly, by the use of the means or instruments of transportation or communication in, and the means or instrumentalities of, interstate commerce, or by the use of the mails, in the offer or sale, and in connection with the purchase or sale, of securities, have: (a) employed devices, schemes or artifices to defraud; (b) obtained money or property by means of, or otherwise made untrue statements of material fact, or omitted to state material facts necessary to make the statements, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; and (c) engaged in transactions, acts, practices and courses of business which operated or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon purchasers of securities or other persons.
- 44. By reason of the acts, omissions, practices, and courses of business set forth in this complaint, the Defendants singly or in concert, directly or indirectly, violated, and unless enjoined will again violate Section 17(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77q(a), Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b), and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Violations of Sections 5(a) and 5(c) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77e(a) and (c) (Against CCT, Klein, Nazon and Varughese)

- 45. The Commission realleges and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 41 by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 46. The Defendants, directly and indirectly, singly and in concert, have made use of the means or instruments of transportation or communication in interstate commerce, or of the mails, to offer and sell securities through the use or medium of a prospectus or otherwise when no registration statement has been filed or was in effect as to such securities and when no

exemption from registration was available.

47. By reason of the foregoing, the Defendants singly or in concert, directly or indirectly, violated, and unless enjoined will again violate Sections 5(a) and 5(c) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77e(a) and (c).

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Violations of Section 15(a) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 780(a)

(Against Nazon and Varughese)

- 48. The Commission realleges and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 41 by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 49. Defendants Nazon and Varughese, directly and/or indirectly, singly and/or in concert, made use of the mails or means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce to effect transactions in, or to induce or attempt to induce the purchase or sale of securities, without being registered as a broker or dealer or associated with a registered broker or dealer in accordance with Section 15(b) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 780(b).
- 50. As part and in furtherance of the violative conduct, Nazon and Varughese actively and regularly solicited investors to purchase Clean Care Securities, and they advised investors about the merits of an investment in Clean Care Securities. Nazon and Varughese also received compensation based on their success in selling Clean Care Securities.
- 51. While they were engaged in this conduct, Nazon and Varughese were not registered as brokers or dealers, or associated with a registered broker or dealer.
- 52. By reason of the foregoing, Nazon and Varughese, singly and/or in concert, directly and/or indirectly, violated, and unless enjoined will again violate, Section 15(a) of the

Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78o(a).

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Aiding and Abetting Violations of Section 15(a) of the Exchange Act

(Against Klein)

- 53. The Commission realleges and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 41 and 49-52 by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 54. Nazon and Varughese, directly or indirectly, singly or in concert, made use of the mails or means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce to effect transactions in, or to induce or attempt to induce the purchase or sale of securities, without being registered as a broker or dealer or associated with a registered broker or dealer in accordance with Section 15(b) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 780(b).
- 55. Klein retained Nazon and Varughese to sell Clean Care Securities to investors and knew that Nazon and Varughese were acting as brokers. Klein knew that Nazon and Varughese were soliciting investors to purchase Clean Care Securities.
- 56. Klein knowingly provided substantial assistance to Nazon and Varughese. For instance, Klein participated in drafting the POM with Nazon and Varughese and made himself available to and did meet with investors solicited by Nazon and Varughese. Klein also paid Nazon and Varughese exorbitant, undisclosed commissions to sell the Clean Care Securities to investors.
- 57. Pursuant to Section 20(e) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78t(e), and by reason of the foregoing, Klein, directly and/or indirectly, aided and abetted and unless enjoined will again violate Section 15(a) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78o(a).

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Against Systems As Relief Defendant)

- 58. The Commission realleges and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 41 by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 59. Systems received, directly or indirectly, funds and/or other assets from the Defendants, which either are the proceeds of, or are traceable to the proceeds of, the unlawful activities alleged herein and to which it has no legitimate claim to these funds and assets.
- 60. Systems obtained the funds and assets as part of and in furtherance of the securities violations alleged and under circumstances in which it is not just, equitable, or conscionable for it to retain the funds and assets, and accordingly, Systems has been unjustly enriched by ill gotten gains.
- 61. The Commission is entitled to an order requiring that Systems disgorge these funds and assets plus prejudgment interest thereon.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Commission respectfully requests that this Court issue a Final Judgment:

I.

Permanently enjoining the Defendants, their agents, servants, employees, attorneys infact, and all persons in active concert or participation with them who receive actual notice of the injunction by personal service or otherwise, and each of them, from violating Section 17(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77q(a), Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b), and

78j(b), and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5.

II.

Permanently enjoining the Defendants, their agents, servants, employees, attorneys infact, and all persons in active concert or participation with them who receive actual notice of the injunction by personal service or otherwise, and each of them, from violating Sections 5(a) and 5(c) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77e(a) and (c).

III.

Permanently enjoining the Defendants Klein, Nazon and Varughese, their agents, servants, employees, attorneys in-fact, and all persons in active concert or participation with them who receive actual notice of the injunction by personal service or otherwise, and each of them, from violating, and aiding and abetting violations of, Section 15(a) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 780(a).

IV.

Permanently barring Defendants from participation in any offering of penny stock pursuant to Section 20(g) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77t(g), and Section 21(d)(6) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78u(d)(6), including engaging in activities with a broker, dealer or issuer for purposes of issuing, trading, or inducing or attempting to induce the purchase or sale of any penny stock.

V.

Ordering the Defendants and Relief Defendant to each file with this Court and serve upon the Commission verified written accountings, signed by each of them under penalty of perjury.

VI.

Ordering the Defendants and Relief Defendant to disgorge their ill-gotten gains from the violative conduct alleged in this complaint, and to pay prejudgment interest thereon.

VII.

Ordering Defendants to pay civil monetary penalties pursuant to Section 20(d) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77t(d), and Section 21(d)(3) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78u(d)(3).

VIII.

Granting such other and further relief as the Court deems appropriate.

Dated: February <u>21</u>, 2008 New York, New York

Respectfully Submitted,

Mark K. Schonfeld

ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

New York Regional Office

3 World Financial Center - Room 400

New York, New York 10281

(212) 336-1020

Of Counsel:

Andrew M. Calamari Doria Bachenheimer Valerie Szczepanik Meaghan Cheung Michael Paley Michael Birnbaum **EXHIBIT 2**

△AO 440 (Rev. 8/01) Summons in a Civil Action

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Southern District of New York

SECURITIES & EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

V.

Clean Care Technologies, Inc., et al.

08 CV 01719

TO: (Name and address of Defendant)

Clean Care Technologies, Inc. 8 Robinson Court Freehold, New Jersey 07728

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to serve on PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY (name and address)

Valerie Szczepanik United States Securities & Exchange Commission New York Regional Office 3 World Financial Center, Room 400 New York, New York 10281

an answer to the complaint which is serve		twenty (20)	days after service
of this summons on you, exclusive of the	day of service. If you fail to do so, judgn	nent by default wil	l be taken against you
for the relief demanded in the complaint.	. Any answer that you serve on the part	ties to this action r	nust be filed with the
Clerk of this Court within a reasonable p	period of time after service.		•

J. MICHAEL McMAHON

DATE

EB 2 1 2008

CLERK

(By) DEPUTY OF THE COLOR WITH

♠AO 440 (Rev. 8/01) Summons in a Civil Action

SAO 440 (Rev. 6/01) Sulfinois in a Civil Action		
	RETURN OF SERVIC	E
Service of the Summons and complaint was made	by me ⁽¹⁾ DATE	
IAME OF SERVER (PRINT)	TITLE	
Check one box below to indicate appropriat	e method of service	
☐ Served personally upon the defendan		
Left copies thereof at the defendant's discretion then residing therein.	dwelling house or usual place of abo	ode with a person of suitable age and
Name of person with whom the sumn	nons and complaint were left:	
☐ Returned unexecuted:		
☐ Other (specify):		
	STATEMENT OF SERVICE	FRES
AVEL SEI	RVICES	TOTAL \$0.00
	DECLARATION OF SERV	
Executed on	Signature of Server	
Date	Signature of Server	•
	Address of Server	
	·	
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⁽¹⁾ As to who may serve a summons see Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

EXHIBIT 3

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION New York Regional Office 3 World Financial Center, Room 400 New York, NY 10281-1022 (212) 336-0175 (Szczepanik) (212) 336-1317 (fax)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,

Plaintiff,

-against-

CLEAN CARE TECHNOLOGIES, INC., EDWARD KLEIN, AL NAZON and ANIL VARUGHESE,

Defendants,

and

CLEAN CARE SYSTEMS, LLC,

Relief Defendant.

08 Civ. 01719 (HB)

DECLARATION OF SERVICE

I, MICHAEL BIRNBAUM, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, declare as follows:

- 1. I am a member of the Bar of this Court and the attorney for Plaintiff, United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission"), and employed at the Commission's New York Regional Office.
- 3. On February 21, 2008, Laura Anthony, Esq. agreed by telephone conversation to accept service by Federal Express of the Summons and Complaint in the above-captioned matter on behalf of her clients, Edward Klein and Clean Care Technologies, Inc., pursuant to Rules 4 and 5 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Ms. Anthony subsequently confirmed that she would accept service on her clients' behalf by countersigning a letter dated February 21, 2008, attached hereto.
- 3. On February 21, 2008, I served a copy of the Summons and Complaint in the above-captioned matter upon defendants Edward Klein and Clean Care Technologies, Inc. by causing true and correct copies thereof to be transmitted by Federal Express for overnight delivery to the offices of Laura Anthony, Esq.
- On February 21, 2008 I caused to be served by personal delivery a copy of the 4. Summons and Complaint on Defendants Al Nazon and Anil Varughese and on Relief Defendant Clean Care Systems, LLC.

Upon information and belief, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed:

June 3, 2008

New York, New York

MICHAEL D. BIRNBAUM

Attorney for Plaintiff

Securities and Exchange Commission

New York Regional Office 3 World Financial Center New York, NY 10281-1022

Ph: (212) 336-0523 Fax: (212) 336-1319

Email: BirnbaumM@sec.gov



UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NEW YORK REGIONAL OFFICE 3 WORLD FINANCIAL CENTER, ROOM 4300 NEW YORK, N.Y. 10281-1022

February 21, 2008

Via Federal Express

Laura Anthony Legal & Compliance, LLC 330 Clematis Street Suite 217 West Palm Beach, FL 33401

Re: SEC v. Clean Care Technologies, et al. (08 civ 01719) (HB)

Dear Ms. Anthony:

Pursuant to your representation that you were authorized by your clients, Ed Klein and Clean Care Technologies Inc. to accept service by Federal Express, and that you agreed to do so, please find enclosed a Summons and Complaint in the above-captioned matter.

Please sign below acknowledging that you are authorized to, and agree to, accept service in this matter, and return a copy to me. If you have any questions, please call me at 212-336-0523 or call Meaghan Cheung at 212-336-0050. I have also enclosed a copy of the Judge's rules and ECF instructions.

Sincepely,

Michael Birnbaum

Division of Enforcement

Laura E. Anthony, Esq.

Attorney for Edward Klein and Clean Care Technologies, Inc.

EXHIBIT 4

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,

Plaintiff.

-against-

CLEAN CARE TECHNOLOGIES, INC., EDWARD KLEIN, AL NAZON and ANIL VARUGHESE, 08 Civ. 1719 (HB) ECF CASE

Defendants,

and

CLEAN CARE SYSTEMS, LLC,

Relief Defendant.

CLERK'S CERTIFICATE NOTING DEFAULT OF DEFENDANT CLEAN CARE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

I hereby certify that the docket entries and record in the above-captioned civil action show the following:

- On February 21, 2008, Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission
 ("Commission") commenced this action with the filing of a Complaint and the issuance of summonses.
- 2. Service of the summons and complaint was affected upon defendant Clean Care

 Technologies, Inc. ("CCT"), through its counsel on February 21, 2008, and proof of
 such service thereof was filed with the Court on June 3, 2008.
- 3. Pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 6 and 12, CCT's Answer was due no later than March 12, 2008.

- On March 24, 2008, the Honorable Judge Harold Baer extended the Defendants' time 4. to file an answer or otherwise respond to the Commission's Complaint until April 11, 2008.
- As of the date of this Certificate, Defendant CCT has not filed an answer or other 5. responsive pleading, or otherwise defended this action, as provided by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Local Civil Rules, and its time to answer or otherwise respond to the Complaint has expired.

The default of Clean Care Technologies, Inc. is hereby noted.

Dated:

New York, New York

CLERK, UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

EXHIBIT 5

SOUTHERN DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	_
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,	
Plaintiff,	: :
-against-	· : :
CLEAN CARE TECHNOLOGIES, INC., EDWARD KLEIN, AL NAZON and ANIL VARUGHESE,	: : : 08 Civ. 1719 (HB) : ECF CASE
Defendants,	• •
and	• •
CLEAN CARE SYSTEMS, LLC,	• •
Relief Defendant.	: : K

[PROPOSED] FINAL JUDGMENT BY DEFAULT AS TO DEFENDANT CLEAN CARE TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

The Court having reviewed the Motion of Plaintiff Securities and Exchange

Commission (the "Commission") for Entry of Judgment by Default Against Defendant

Clean Care Technologies, Inc. ("CCT" or "Defendant"), and for good cause shown:

I.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that Plaintiff's Motion for Default as to Defendant CCT is GRANTED.

Π.

IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that CCT and its agents, servants, employees, attorneys, and all persons in active concert or participation with them who receive actual notice of this Final Judgment by personal service or otherwise are permanently restrained and enjoined from violating, directly or indirectly, Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") [15 U.S.C. § 78j(b)] and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder [17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5], by using any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, or of the mails, or of any facility of any national securities exchange, in connection with the purchase or sale of any security:

- (a) to employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud;
- (b) to make any untrue statement of a material fact or to omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; or
- (c) to engage in any act, practice, or course of business which operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon any person.

Ш.

IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that CCT and its agents, servants, employees, attorneys, and all persons in active concert or participation with them who receive actual notice of this Final Judgment by personal service or otherwise are permanently restrained and enjoined from violating Section 17(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") [15 U.S.C. § 77q(a)] in the offer or

sale of any security by the use of any means or instruments of transportation or communication in interstate commerce or by use of the mails, directly or indirectly:

- (a) to employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud;
- (b) to obtain money or property by means of any untrue statement of a material fact or any omission of a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; or
- (c) to engage in any transaction, practice, or course of business which operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon the purchaser.

IV.

IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that CCT and its agents, servants, employees, attorneys, and all persons in active concert or participation with them who receive actual notice of this Final Judgment by personal service or otherwise are permanently restrained and enjoined from violating Section 5 of the Securities Act [15 U.S.C. § 77e] by, directly or indirectly, in the absence of any applicable exemption:

- (a) Unless a registration statement is in effect as to a security, making use of any means or instruments of transportation or communication in interstate commerce or of the mails to sell such security through the use or medium of any prospectus or otherwise;
- (b) Unless a registration statement is in effect as to a security, carrying or causing to be carried through the mails or in interstate commerce, by any

means or instruments of transportation, any such security for the purpose of sale or for delivery after sale; or

(c) Making use of any means or instruments of transportation or communication in interstate commerce or of the mails to offer to sell or offer to buy through the use or medium of any prospectus or otherwise any security, unless a registration statement has been filed with the Commission as to such security, or while the registration statement is the subject of a refusal order or stop order or (prior to the effective date of the registration statement) any public proceeding or examination under Section 8 of the Securities Act [15 U.S.C. § 77h].

V.

IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that CCT is permanently barred from participating in an offering of penny stock, including engaging in activities with a broker, dealer, or issuer for purposes of issuing, trading, or inducing or attempting to induce the purchase or sale of any penny stock. A penny stock is any equity security that has a price of less than five dollars, except as provided in Rule 3a51-1 under the Exchange Act [17 C.F.R. 240.3a51-1].

VI.

IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that CCT is liable for disgorgement of \$2,058,659.23, representing profits gained as a result of the conduct alleged in the Complaint in the amount \$1,933,403.75, together with prejudgment interest thereon in the amount of \$125,255.48, and a civil penalty in the amount of \$______ pursuant to Section 20(d) of the Securities Act [15 U.S. C. §

77t(d)] and Section 21(d)(3) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78u(d)(3)]. Defendant shall satisfy this obligation by paying the disgorgement and penalty within ten business days after the entry of this Final Judgment to the Clerk of this Court, together with a cover letter identifying CCT as a defendant in this action; setting forth the title and civil action number of this action and the name of this Court; and specifying that payment is made pursuant to this Final Judgment. Defendant shall simultaneously transmit photocopies of such payment and letter to the Commission's counsel in this action. By making this payment, CCT relinquishes all legal and equitable right, title, and interest in such funds, and no part of the funds shall be returned to CCT. Defendant shall pay postjudgment interest on any delinquent amounts pursuant to 28 USC § 1961.

The Clerk shall deposit the funds into an interest bearing account with the Court Registry Investment System ("CRIS") or any other type of interest bearing account that is utilized by the Court. These funds, together with any interest and income earned thereon (collectively, the "Fund"), shall be held in the interest bearing account until further order of the Court. In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1914 and the guidelines set by the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, the Clerk is directed, without further order of this Court, to deduct from the income earned on the money in the Fund a fee equal to ten percent of the income earned on the Fund. Such fee shall not exceed that authorized by the Judicial Conference of the United States.

The Commission may by motion propose a plan to distribute the Fund subject to the Court's approval. Such a plan may provide that the Fund shall be distributed pursuant to the Fair Fund provisions of Section 308(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Regardless of whether any such Fair Fund distribution is made, amounts ordered to be

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paid as civil penalties pursuant to this Judgment shall be treated as penalties paid to the government for all purposes, including all tax purposes. To preserve the deterrent effect of the civil penalty, Defendant shall not, after offset or reduction of any award of compensatory damages in any Related Investor Action based on Defendant's payment of disgorgement in this action, argue that it is entitled to, nor shall it further benefit by, offset or reduction of such compensatory damages award by the amount of any part of Defendant's payment of a civil penalty in this action ("Penalty Offset"). If the court in any Related Investor Action grants such a Penalty Offset, Defendant shall, within 30 days after entry of a final order granting the Penalty Offset, notify the Commission's counsel in this action and pay the amount of the Penalty Offset to the United States Treasury or to a Fair Fund, as the Commission directs. Such a payment shall not be deemed an additional civil penalty and shall not be deemed to change the amount of the civil penalty imposed in this Judgment. For purposes of this paragraph, a "Related Investor Action" means a private damages action brought against Defendant by or on behalf of one or more investors based on substantially the same facts as alleged in the Complaint in this action.

VII.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that this Court shall retain jurisdiction of this matter for the purposes of enforcing the terms of this Final Judgment.

VIII.

There being no just reason for delay, pursuant to Rule 54(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Clerk is ordered to enter this Final Judgment forthwith and without further notice.

Dated:	,		

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE